

The Ambiguous Case of Off-Row Storage in In-Memory OLTP

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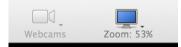




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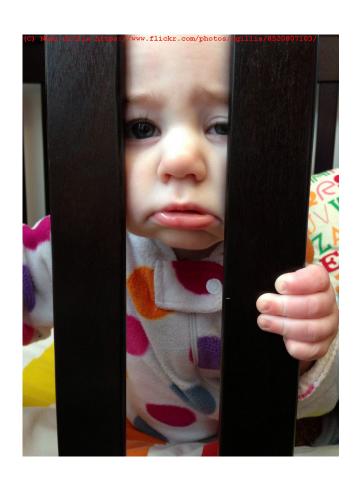






In-Memory OLTP...







In-Memory OLTP...





Agenda

Hash and nonclustered (range) indexes overview

LOB and row-overflow storage in In-Memory OLTP

Columnstore indexes on memory-optimized tables

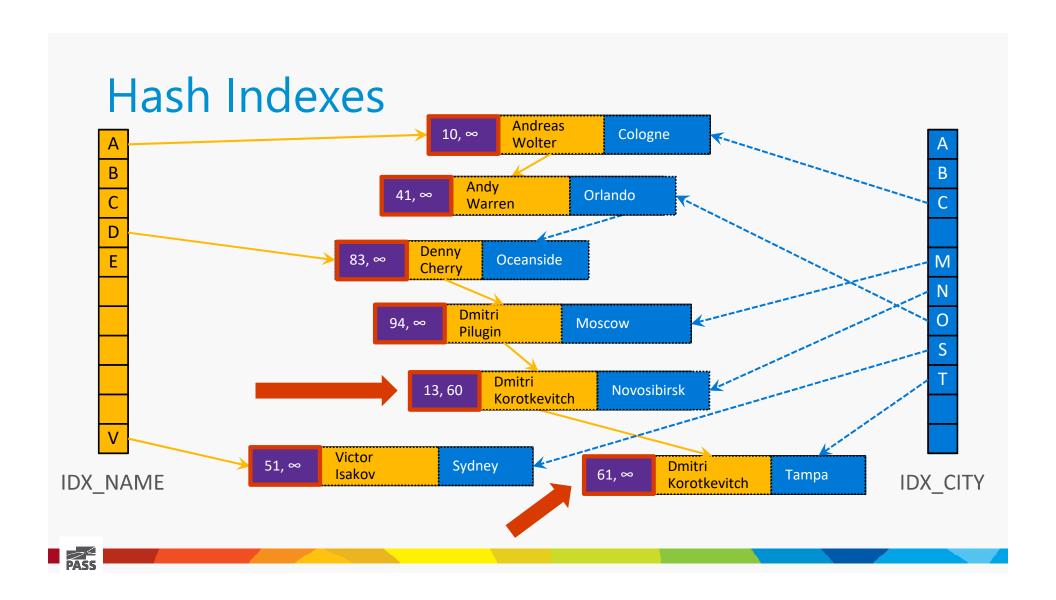


In-Memory Data Storage

```
create table dbo.Community
(
   Name nvarchar(64) not null
        constraint IDX_NAME primary key nonclustered hash
        with (bucket_count=1024),
   City nvarchar(32) not null,
    FirstName nvarchar(64) not null,

   index IDX_CITY nonclustered hash(City)
   with (bucket_count=128),
)
with (memory_optimized=on, durability=schema_and_data);
```

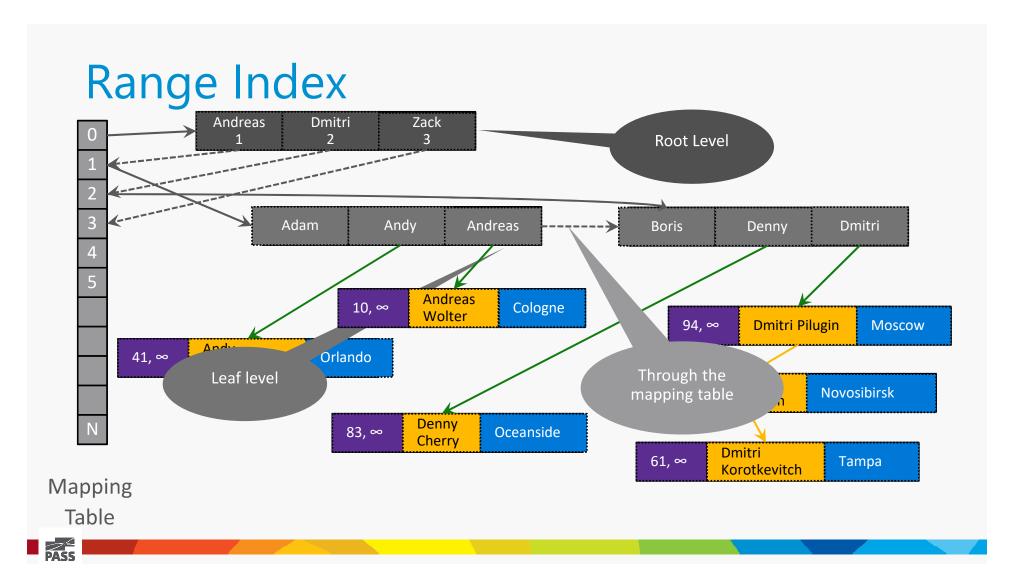




Range Index

```
alter table dbo.Community
  add index IDX_FIRSTNAME
  nonclustered(FirstName);
```





Hash vs. Range Indexes

Hash Indexes

- Useful only with point-lookups and equality joins
 - SQL Server needs to calculate the hash of the key
 - All columns from the composite keys must be present
- Faster than nonclustered (range) indexes when bucket count is correct
 - Ideal bucket_count is 1.5-2 times of the # of unique index keys.
- Good choice for catalog entities

Range Indexes

- Similar to on-disk B-Tree indexes
 - Unidirectional
- Good choice for the range scans
- Should be used when correct bucket_count estimation is impossible



Demo: bucket_count and performance

On-Disk Allocation Units

IN-ROW: Main data row structure and all fixed-length data types

LOB: Variable-length data

(n)varchar(max); varbinary(max) when size > 8,000 bytes

ROW-OVERFLOW: Variable-length data that does not fit IN-ROW

- (n)varchar(N); varbinary(N)
- (n)varchar(max); varbinary(max) when size <= 8,000 bytes

Decision is made based on the row/column data

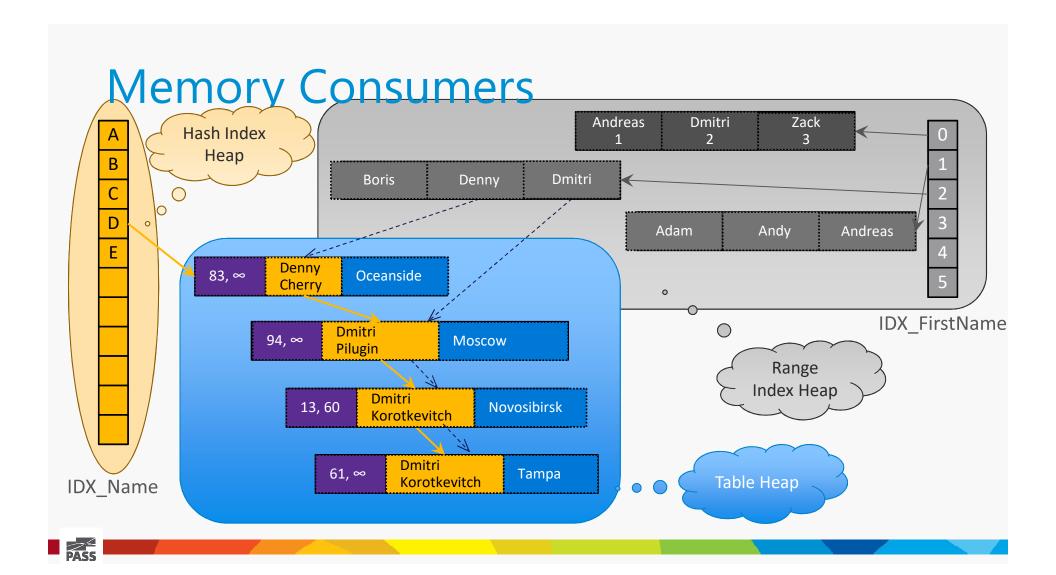


In-Memory OLTP Memory Consumers

In-Memory OLTP objects allocate memory from separate VARHEAPs

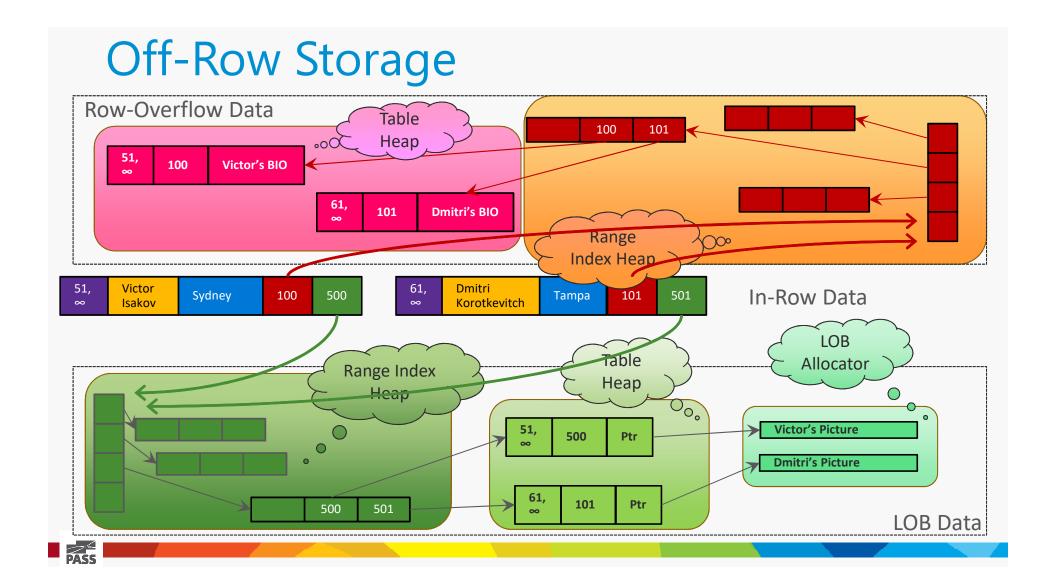
- Data rows
- Hash tables in Hash indexes
- Range indexes

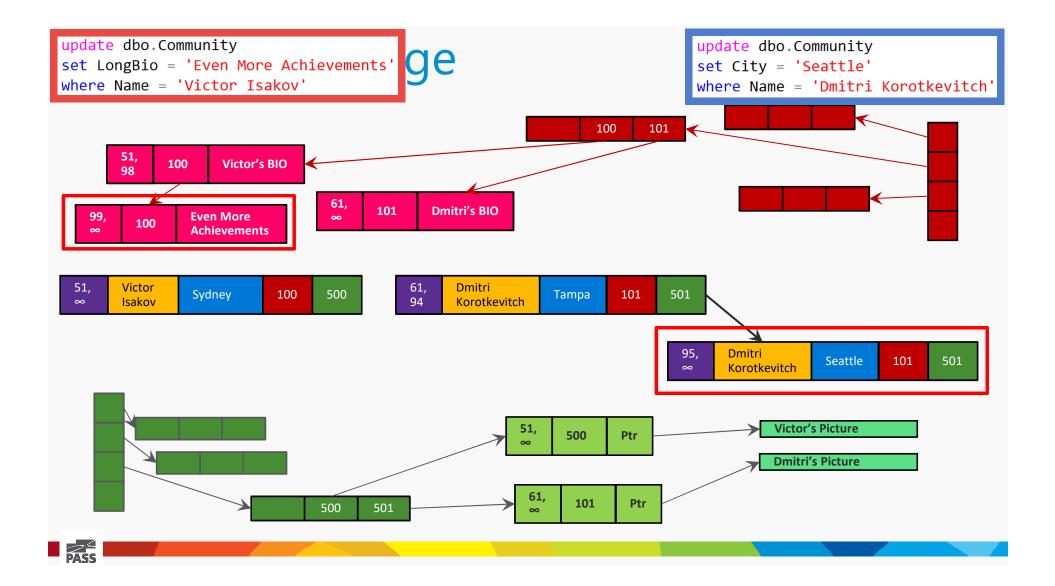






Demo: Memory Consumers







Demo: Off-Row Columns and Performance

Off-Row Columns

Stored in the separate internal tables

- Referenced through artificial internal keys
- Have separate lifetime from in-row data
- Decided at CREATE TABLE phase based on data type/column size

Add significant overhead

- 50+ extra bytes per each value
- Slower INSERT/DELETE operations
- Slower SELECT: Not covered by In-Row indexes



Clustered Columnstore Indexes Table Heap Table Heap 00. Memory-Optimized Data Rows Delta Store Delete Bitmap 000 Range Index HkCS mnstore Data and Table Allocator Heaps





Demo: Columnstore Indexes

Columnstore Indexes

Delta Store is another Table Heap with memory-optimized rows

- Tuple mover compresses the rows and moves them to the main Table Heap when it estimates ~> 1M rows in delta store
- COMPRESSION_DELAY index option delays row compression

Delete Bitmap is the range index

Large Delta Stores and Delete Bitmaps negatively affect performance

Tables with columnstore indexes do not support off-row storage



Takeaways

Do not use HASH indexes unless you can correctly estimate and maintain the bucket_count

Avoid off-row storage in In-Memory OLTP

- Defining columns as varchar(max) just because is clearly the bad idea
- · Performance critical cases can benefit from multi-column design

Control the size of columnstore index delta store and delete bitmap with COMPRESSION_DELAY option



We covered

Hash and nonclustered (range) indexes

Off-row data storage in In-Memory OLTP

Columnstore indexes in In-Memory OLTP

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Questions?





Coming up next!

Understanding and Monitoring Tempdb Vicky Harp



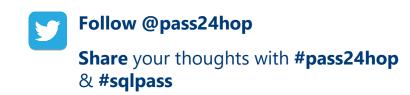














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